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#
# Example file for parsing and processing JSON
#
import urllib.request
import json

def printResults(data):
    # Use the json module to load the string data into a dictionary
    theJSON = json.loads(data)

    # now we can access the contents of the JSON like any other Python object
    if 'title' in theJSON['metadata']:
        print(theJSON['metadata']['title'])

    # output the number of events, plus the magnitude and each event name
    count = theJSON['metadata']['count']
    print(str(count) + ' :Events Recorded')
    # for each event, print the place where it occurred
    for i in theJSON['features']:
        print(i['properties']['place'], i['properties']['mag'])
    print('-----\n')

    # print the events that only have a magnitude greater than 4
    for i in theJSON['features']:
        if i['properties']['mag'] >= 4.0:
            print("%2.1f" % i['properties']['mag'], i['properties']['place'])
    print('-----\n')

    # print only the events where at least 1 person reported feeling something
    print ("\n\nEvents that were felt:")
    for i in theJSON["features"]:
        feltReports = i["properties"]["felt"]
        if (feltReports != None):
            if (feltReports > 0):
                print ("%2.1f" % i["properties"]["mag"], i["properties"]["place"], " reported " + str(feltReports) + " times")
    print('-----\n')

def main():
    # define a variable to hold the source URL
    # In this case we'll use the free data feed from the USGS
    # This feed lists all earthquakes for the last day larger than Mag 2.5
    urlData = "http://earthquake.usgs.gov/earthquakes/feed/v1.0/summary/2.5_day.geojson"

    # Open the URL and read the data
    weburl = urllib.request.urlopen(urlData)
    print ("result code: " + str(weburl.getcode()))
    if (weburl.getcode() == 200):
        data = weburl.read()
        printResults (data)
    else:
        print('Recieved Error, cannot parse results')

if __name__ == "__main__":

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main()